(MINWAX.)

**Material Safety Data Sheet Index** 

Material Safety Data Sheets in this book are sorted alphanumerically by the MSDS code

Click on the Product Name to view the MSDS

## **Product Names**

## MSDS Code

MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Antique Furniture Refinisher	7300/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Antique Oil Finish, Natural	7000/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Blend-Fil <sup>®</sup> Pencil	Pencil/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Clear Aerosol Lacquer (AEROSOL)	Lacquer-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Clear Brushing Lacquer	Lacquer/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Clear Lacquer Sanding Sealer	Lacquer/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Clear Lacquer Sanding Sealer (AEROSOL)	Lacquer-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> CLEAR SHIELD Weather Resistant Coating for Wood	ClearShield/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> CLEAR SHIELD WR Coating for Wood (AEROSOL)	ClearShield-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Fast-Drying Polyurethane	FastDryingPoly/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Fast-Drying Polyurethane (AEROSOL)	FastDryingPoly-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Gel Stain	GelStain/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Hardwood Floor Cleaner	Cleaners/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> High Performance Wood Filler (Part A & B)	1600/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> High Performance Wood Hardener	1700/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Indoor/Outdoor HELMSMAN <sup>®</sup> Spar Urethane	Helmsman/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Indoor/Outdoor HELMSMAN <sup>®</sup> Spar Urethane (AEROSOL)	Helmsman-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Paste Finishing Wax	Wax/MW
MINWAX PASTELS <sup>®</sup> Wood Stain	Pastels/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> POLYCRYLIC <sup>®</sup> Protective Finish	Polycrylic/MW



# **Material Safety Data Sheet Index**

## **Product Names**

## MSDS Code

MINWAX <sup>®</sup> POLYCRYLIC <sup>®</sup> Protective Finish (AEROSOL) Polycrylic-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> POLYSHADES <sup>®</sup> Interior Stain & Polyurethane Finish Polyshades/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Pre-Stain Wood Conditioner
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Sanding Sealer
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Stainable Wood Filler
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Super Fast-Drying Polyurethane for Floors PolyForFloors/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Tung Oil Finish
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based Polyurethane for Floors WBPolyforFloors/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based Polyurethane for Floors Base Coat 17450/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based Pre-Stain Wood Conditioner
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based White Wash Pickling Stain
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based Wood Stain
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WIPE-ON POLY Oil-Based Polyurethane Finish WipeOnPoly/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD FINISH <sup>®</sup> Wood/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD FINISH <sup>®</sup> (AEROSOL) WoodFinish-A/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD FINISH <sup>®</sup> Stain Marker
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Wood Cleaner (Trigger Spray)
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD PUTTY <sup>®</sup> Putty/MW
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOODSHEEN <sup>®</sup> Rubbing Oil Stain & Finish Woodsheen/MW

Can't find the MSDS you need? Call (216) 566-2902



Document Code: 1500/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 17, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

HMIS CODES
Health 2
Flammability 2
Reactivity 0
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WI	<b>!.</b>	CAS No.	Ingredie	ent Na	me		Vapor H	Pressure
8	88	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spiri	ts			
			ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm		2 mm
			OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
	1	64741-65-7	Mineral	Spiri	ts (Od	orless)		
			ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm		1 mm
			OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
101 °F PMCC	1.0	7.0
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Combustible, Flash above 99	and below 200	°F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
	_	

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion: control the accumulation of overspray; soak wiping rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container; air dry filters outside, far from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers; dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and NFPA 33, Chapter 8 (8-9) for the proper procedures.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

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VENTILATION
   Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
   If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
   When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
   Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
EYE PROTECTION
   Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
   Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can
be harmful or fatal.
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## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

6.52 lb/gal PRODUCT WEIGHT EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether Heavier than Air SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.78 VAPOR DENSITY 300-412 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available 92 % VOLATILE VOLUME SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 5.85 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 5.85 lb/gal Emitted VOC

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

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CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

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TOXICOLOGY DATA
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CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	ame		
64742-88-7	Minera	al Spiri	ts		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not Available	
64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not Available	

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION
 No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C)
Supplier Notification.
TSCA CERTIFICATION
 All obspicels in this product are listed on any exampt from listing on

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 1600/MW Version: 03

Date of Preparation March 10, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> High Performance Wood Filler (Part A)	Health 2*
1600	Flammability 3
(MSDS for Part B Hardener is also attached)	Reactivity 2
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredie	ent N	ame	Vapor Pressure
13	100-42-5	Styrene			
		ACGIH	TLV	20	ppm 4.3 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	40	ppm STEL
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm
		OSHA	PEL	215	ppm CEILING
24	14807-96-6	Talc			
		ACGIH	TLV	2	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
		OSHA	PEL	2	mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
30	471-34-1	Calcium	Carb	onate	
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	15	Total Dust
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 Respirable Fraction
Note:	Styrene becomes	non-vola	tile	when	catalyzed

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH	POINT	LEL	UEL
97	°F PMCC	1.1	6.1
FLAMMA	ABILITY CLASSIFICATION		

RED LABEL -- Flammable, Flash below 100 °F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IC PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke -Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This product may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	10.00 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.20	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT	293-294 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	17 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - This product should be stored in a cool area (below 90 °F) away from sources of heat. CONDITIONS TO AVOID - Storage temperature above 90 °F. INCOMPATIBILITY - Contamination with polymerization catalysts such as peroxides and strong acids. Do not put any catalyzed product back into the can of uncatalyzed product. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

#### CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Styrene is listed by IARC as a possible human carcinogen based on "inadequate evidence" in humans, "limited evidence" in animals, and the fact that it is metabolized to styrene oxide, which has been shown to induce cancer in animals. However, studies of humans exposed for long periods of time to styrene have not demonstrated any carcinogenic effect.

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information (continued)

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. TOXICOLOGY DATA

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TOXICOLOGY DATA
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CAS No. Ingredient Name
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100-42-5	Styren	Styrene			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		5000 mg/kg	
14807-96-6	Talc				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not Available	
471-34-1	Calciu	m Carbo	onate		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not Available	

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR	372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
100-42-5	Styrene	13	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



1600/MW

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Document Code: 1600/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 10, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
Hardener for 1600 High Performance Wood Filler (Part B	) Health 2
	Flammability 2
	Reactivity 2
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	me		Vapor Pressure
50	94-36-0	Benzoyl	Perox	ide		
		ACGIH	TLV	5	mg/m3	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

## ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
184 °F PMCC	N.Av.	N.Av.
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Combustible, Flash above 99	and below 200	°F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemica	l, Foam	

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIA PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

This product must be stored in a cool area (below 90  $^{\circ}\mathrm{F})$  away from sources of heat.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	10.0 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.20	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT	212-698 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	10-20 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available
VOLATILE ORGANIC	COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoret	tical)	
	/ ] ] ]]		

Maximum 2.8 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - This product should be stored in a cool area (below 90 °F) away from sources of heat.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID - Storage temperature above 90 °F.

INCOMPATIBILITY - Incompatible with acids, alkalis, oxidizers, reducing agents, metal salt. Do not put any catalyzed product back into the can of uncatalyzed product.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.	Ingred	ient Nar	ne	
94-36-0	Benzoy	l Peroxi	ide	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		7710 mg/kg

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from unreacted hardener may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261 because it exhibits reactivity characteristics.

Waste from reacted hardener is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR	372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
94-36-0	Benzoyl Peroxide	50	

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 1700/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 11, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> High Performance Wood Hardener	Health 3
1700	Flammability 3
	Reactivity 0
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent N	lame		Vapor Pressure
3	67-56-1	Methano	 )			
		ACGIH	TLV	200	ppm (skin)	92 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	250	ppm (skin) STEL	I
		OSHA	PEL	200	ppm (skin)	
		OSHA	PEL	250	ppm (skin) STEL	I
72	67-64-1	Acetone	9			
		ACGIH	TLV	500	ppm	180 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	750	ppm STEL	
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm	

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

#### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
-2 °F TCC	2.6	36.5
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
RED LABEL Extremely Flamma	able, Flash	below 21 °F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical,	, Foam	

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IB PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

```
VENTILATION
   Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
   If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
   When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
   Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
EYE PROTECTION
   Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
   Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can
be harmful or fatal.
```

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

7.22 lb/gal PRODUCT WEIGHT EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether Heavier than Air SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.87 VAPOR DENSITY 132-150 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 82 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 1.02 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.21 lb/gal Emitted VOC

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	me		
67-56-1	Methar	nol			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	64000	ppm
	LD50	RAT		5630	mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetor	ne			
	LC50	RAT	4HR		ailable
	LD50	RAT		5800	mg/kg

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR	372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
67-56-1	Methanol	3	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 1850/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 17, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

```
PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS
MINWAX<sup>®</sup> Water-Based Pre-Stain Wood Conditioner
1850
```

Health 1 Flammability 0 Reactivity 0

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

HMIS CODES

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name	Vapor Pressure

No ingredients in this product are hazardous as defined by the Department of Labor.

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
>200 °F PMCC	N.A.	N.A.
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Not Applicable		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical,	Alcohol	Foam

#### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures (continued)

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES - Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshield

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 8.43 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.01 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air 212-369 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 91 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 2.63 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.33 lb/gal Emitted VOC

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. TOXICOLOGY DATA - No data available.

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 1860/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 17, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT	NAME & NUM	BERS			HMIS CODES	
MINWAX®	Water-Based	l White Wash	Pickling	Stain	Health	1
1860					Flammability	0
					Reactivity	0

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	lent Na	me	Vapor Pressure	
8	13463-67-7	Titaniu	um Diox	ide		
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust	
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
>200 °F PMCC	N.A.	N.A.
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Not Applicable		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical,	Alcohol	Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

#### SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

```
EYE PROTECTION
```

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 9.13 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.10 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT 212-369 °F MELTING POINT Not Available 82 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 2.81 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.72 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

#### CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

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TOXICOLOGY DATA
```

CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	ame	
13463-67-7	Titani	ium Dioz	ride	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to

cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 5600/MW Version: 03

Date of Preparation March 25, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Sanding Sealer	Health 2
5600	Flammability 2
	Reactivity 0
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	Vapor Pressure		
63	64742-88-7	Mineral ACGIH OSHA	<b>Spir</b> : TLV PEL	100	 ppm ppm	2 mm

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

#### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINTLELUEL102 °F PMCC1.06.0FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °FEXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, FoamUNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.02 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.84 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT 300-395 °F MELTING POINT Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 69 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.4 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.4 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

```
STABILITY - Stable
CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known.
INCOMPATIBILITY - None known.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur
```

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS	No.	Ingredient	Name
CAS	No.	Ingredient	Name

64742-88-7	Minera	al Spiri	ts	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available

#### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 7000/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 3, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Antique Oil Finish	Health	2*
7000 Natural	Flammability	2
	Reactivity	0

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name				Vapor Pressure
65	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
0.2	136-52-7	Cobalt 2	2-Ethy	ylhexa	inoate	
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available	

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm							
	and quiet.							
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove							
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.							
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.							
	Get medical attention.							
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.							

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
102 °F PMCC	1.0	6.0
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Combustible, Flash above 9	99 and below 200	°F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

## EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.03 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.85 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air 300-395 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 72 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.61 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.61 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

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CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Name	9		
64742-88-7	Mineral	Spirits	8		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
136-52-7	Cobalt	2-Ethyll	nexanoat	e	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CF	R 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
	Cobalt Compound	0.1	0.03

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: 7300/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation April 2, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Antique Furniture Refinisher	Health 3	
7300	Flammability 3	
	Reactivity 0	

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent N	ame			Vapor	Pressure	
32	108-88-3	Toluene	•						
		ACGIH	TLV	50	ppm (skin)			22 mm	
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm (skin)				
		OSHA	PEL	150	ppm (skin)	STEL			
19	67-56-1	Methanc	<b>b</b> 1						
		ACGIH	TLV	200	ppm (skin)			92 mm	
		ACGIH	TLV	250	ppm (skin)	STEL			
		OSHA	PEL	200	ppm (skin)				
		OSHA	PEL	250	ppm (skin)	STEL			
47	67-64-1	Acetone	•						
		ACGIH	TLV	500	ppm			180 mm	
		ACGIH	TLV	750	ppm STEL				
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm				

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm				
	and quiet.				
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove				
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.				
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.				
	Get medical attention.				
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.				

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT		LEL	UEL	
20 °F TCC		1.0	36.5	
FLAMMABILITY	CLASSIFICATION			
RED LABEL	Extremely Flam	mable, Flash	below 21	٥F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

```
VENTILATION
```

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

```
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
```

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 6.86 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.83 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT 132-238 °F MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available 98 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 6.78 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 3.48 lb/gal Emitted VOC

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.

```
Ingredient Name
```

108-88-3	Toluer	ie			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	4000	ppm
	LD50	RAT		5000	mg/kg
67-56-1	Methanol				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	64000	ppm
	LD50	RAT		5630	mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetor	le			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable
	LD50	RAT		5800	mg/kg

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40	CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
108-88-3	Toluene	32	
67-56-1	Methanol	19	
CALIFORNIA P	PROPOSITION 65		

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: 7500/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 17, 2003

### Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Tung Oil Finish	Health 2*
7500	Flammability 2
	Reactivity 0
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
65	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
0.2	136-52-7	Cobalt	2-Ethy	ylhexa	inoate	
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available	

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
102 °F PMCC	1.0	6.0
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Combustible, Flash above 9	99 and below 200	٥F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

### EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.05 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.85 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air 300-395 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 71 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.57 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.57 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Name	9		
64742-88-7	Mineral	Spirits	8		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
136-52-7 Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate					
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40	CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
	Cobalt Compound	0.2	0.03

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: 17450/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 27, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based Polyurethane for Floors Base Coat	Health	2
17450 17650	Flammability	0
	Reactivity	0

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS No.	Ingredi	lent Na	me		Vapor Pressure
34590-94-8	2-Metho	xymeth	yleth	oxypropanol	
	ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm (skin)	0.4 mm
	ACGIH	TLV	150	ppm (skin) SI	FEL
	OSHA	PEL	100	ppm (skin)	
	OSHA	PEL	150	ppm (skin) SI	FEL
		<b>34590-94-8 2-Metho</b> ACGIH ACGIH OSHA	34590-94-8 2-Methoxymeth ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	34590-94-8 2-Methoxymethyleth ACGIH TLV 100 ACGIH TLV 150 OSHA PEL 100	34590-94-8 2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol ACGIH TLV 100 ppm (skin) ACGIH TLV 150 ppm (skin) S OSHA PEL 100 ppm (skin)

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

# Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINTLELUEL>200 °F PMCCN.A.N.A.FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Not ApplicableVerticable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 8.67 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.04 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air MELTING POINT BOILING POINT 212-380 °F Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available 70 % VOLATILE VOLUME 4.0 рΗ VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 1.6 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents Emitted VOC 0.6 lb/gal

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID None known. INCOMPATIBILITY None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No. Ingredient Name

34	59	0 –	94	1 – i

-8 2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT 5135 mg/kg

#### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: Cleaners/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 5, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT N	IAME &	NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
42127 MJ	INWAX®	Wood Cleaner (Trigger Spray)	Health	0
62127 MJ	INWAX®	Hardwood Floor Cleaner	Flammability	0
			Reactivity	0

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

```
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
(216) 566-2917
INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
(800) 523-9299
```

### Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name	Vapor Pressure

No ingredients in these products are hazardous as defined by the Department of Labor.

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

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CANCER INFORMATION
```

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL			
>200 °F PMCC	N.A.	N.A.			
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION					
Not Applicable					
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA					
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical,	Alcohol	Foam			

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures (continued)

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2. PROTECTIVE GLOVES - Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for

protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	8.31 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.00	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT	212-213 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	99 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available
VOLATILE ORGANIC	COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoret	ical)	
0.37 lb/gal	Less Federally Exempt	Solvents	
0.00 lb/gal	Emitted VOC		

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

# Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.
TOXICOLOGY DATA
No data available.
```

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

```
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION
No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C)
Supplier Notification.
TSCA CERTIFICATION
All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the
TSCA Inventory.
```

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: ClearShield/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 3, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
$ extsf{MINWAX}^{ extsf{w}}$ CLEAR SHIELD Weather Resistant Coating for Wood	Health	2*
4180 Semi-Gloss	Flammability	2
4185 Satin	Reactivity	0
MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMER	RGENCY TELEPHONE N	10.
MINWAX Company (21)	5) 566-2917	

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
45	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
0.1	100-41-4	Ethylbe	nzene			
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	7.1 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	125	ppm STEL	
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
		OSHA	PEL	125	ppm STEL	
1	1569-01-3	1-Propo	<b>xy-2-</b>	propan	ol	
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	1.7 mm
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available	
3-4	112926-00-8	Amorpho	us Pro	ecipit	ated Silica	
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	6	mg/m3 as Dust	

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL					
101 °F PMCC	1.0	16.9					
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION -	Combustible,	Flash above	99	and	below	200	۰F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

```
VENTILATION
```

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

```
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
```

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT7.75-7.78 lb/galEVAPORATION RATESlower than EtherSPECIFIC GRAVITY0.93-0.94VAPOR DENSITYHeavier than AirBOILING POINT300-395 °FMELTING POINTNot AvailableVOLATILE VOLUME57 %SOLUBILITY IN WATERNot AvailableVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)3.7 lb/galLess Federally Exempt Solvents3.7 lb/galEmitted VOC

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans(2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. TOXICOLOGY DATA

AICOLOGI DAI

CAS No. Ingredient Name

64742-88-7	Minera	al Spiri	.ts	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available

- Continued -

TOXICOLOGY	DATA	(continued)
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CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	me				
100-41-4	Ethylk	oenzene				_	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable		
	LD50	RAT		3500	mg/kg		
1569-01-3	1-Prop	oxy-2-p	ropanol	anol			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable		
	LD50	RAT		2800	mg/kg		
112926-00-8	Amorph	nous Pre	cipitate	ed Silica			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable		
	LD50	RAT		4999	mg/kg		

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR	372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.1	

#### CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

ISCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: ClearShield-A/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 3, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS HMIS CODES				
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> CLEAR SHIELD Weather Resistant Coating for Wood	Health	2		
(Aerosol)	Flammability	4		
34180 Semi-Gloss	Reactivity	0		
34185 Satin				
MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGE	NCY TELEPHONE N	10.		

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

### Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name			Vapor Pr	essure	
14	74-98-6	Propane					
		ACGIH	TLV	2500	ppm		760 mm
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm		
13	106-97-8	Butane					
		ACGIH	TLV	800	ppm		760 mm
		OSHA	PEL	800	ppm		
7	64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phati	c Hydr	ocarbon Solvent		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm		53 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
12	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its			
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm		2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
39	67-64-1	Acetone					
		ACGIH	TLV	500	ppm		180 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	750	ppm STEL		
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm		

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and

possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL	
Propellant < 0 °F	1.0	12.8	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry	Chemical,	Foam
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HA	ZARDS		

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - NFPA 30B Level 3 Aerosol PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters -Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120°F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 5.98-5.99 lb/qal EVAPORATION RATE Faster than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.72 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT <0-395 °F MELTING POINT Not Available 91 % VOLATILE VOLUME SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) Volatile Weight 47.28-47.46 % Less Federally Exempt Solvents

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name						
74-98-6	Propar	ne					
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available			
	LD50	RAT		Not Available			

- Continued -

TOXICOLOGY	DATA	(continued)
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CAC No.

CAS NO.	Ingrea	lent Nam	e 		
106-97-8	Butane				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phatic :	Hydrocar	bon	Solvent
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-88-7	Mineral	l Spirit	s		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
67-64-1	Acetone	9			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		580	0 mg/kg

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

Ingradiant Nama

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

#### CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: FastDryingPoly/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 4, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS		HM	IIS CODES	
MINWAX®	Fast-Drying Polyurethane	He	ealth	2
71028	Satin	Fl	ammability	2
71029	Semi-Gloss	Re	eactivity	0
71030	Gloss			
MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMEL		EMERGENCY	TELEPHONE	NO.

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
45-48	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
2-3	64741-65-7	Mineral	Spir	its (O	dorless)	
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	1 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
0-3	112926-00-8	Amorpho	us Pre	ecipit	ated Silica	
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	б	mg/m3 as Dust	
0-3	112926-00-8	OSHA Amorpho ACGIH	PEL us Pre TLV	100 ecipit 10	ppm :ated Silica mg/m3 as Dust	1 mm

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL			
105-112 °F PMCC	1.0	7.0			
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION ·	- Combustible,	Flash above 9	99 and below	200 °	F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry (	Chemical, Foam	n		
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HA	AZARDS				

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

# Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

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VENTILATION
```

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

```
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
```

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT7.35-7.54 lb/galEVAPORATION RATESlower than EtherSPECIFIC GRAVITY0.88-0.91VAPOR DENSITYHeavier than AirBOILING POINT300-412 °FMELTING POINTNot AvailableVOLATILE VOLUME56-58 %SOLUBILITY IN WATERNot AvailableVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)3.7 lb/galLess Federally Exempt Solvents3.7 lb/gal3.7 lb/galEmitted VOCEmitted VOCSolventsSolvents

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

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TOXICOLOGY DATA
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CAS No. Ingredient Name
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64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits					
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available					
	LD50 RAT Not Available					
64741-65-7 Mineral Spirits (Odorless)						
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available					
	LD50 RAT Not Available					
112926-00-8 Amorphous Precipitated Silica						
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available					
	LD50 RAT 4999 mg/kg					

### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: FastDryingPoly-A/MW Version: 03

Date of Preparation March 4, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Fast-Drying Polyurethane Spray	Health 2
33050 Gloss	Flammability 4
33055 Semi-Gloss	Reactivity 0
33060 Satin	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

(216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent N	ame		Vapor Pressure
14	74-98-6	Propane				
		ACGIH	TLV	2500	ppm	760 mm
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm	
13	106-97-8	Butane				
		ACGIH	TLV	800	ppm	760 mm
		OSHA	PEL	800	ppm	
5-7	64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phati	c Hydro	ocarbon Solvent	
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	53 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
15-16	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
39-41	67-64-1	Acetone				
		ACGIH	TLV	500	ppm	180 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	750	ppm STEL	
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm	

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Page 2 of 4

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
Propellant < 0 °F	1.0	12.8
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - NFPA 30B Level 3 Aerosol PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters -Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120°F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	5.9 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Faster than Ether				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	0.71	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air				
BOILING POINT	<0-395 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available				
VOLATILE VOLUME	92-93 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available				
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)							
Volatile Weight	48.74-49.79 % Les	s Federally Exempt Sol	lvents				

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	.me	
74-98-6	Propar	ne		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available

- Continued -

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TOXICOLOGY	DATA	(continued)
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CAS No.	Ingredi	lent Nar	ne		
106-97-8	Butane				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phatic	Hydrocar	bon	Solvent
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-88-7	Mineral	. Spirit	ts		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
67-64-1	Acetone	9			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		580	0 mg/kg

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: GelStain/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 4, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS			HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Gel Stain			Health 2*
601 Chestnut	605	Mahogany	Flammability 2
602 Aged Oak	606	Walnut	Reactivity 1
603 Antique Maple	607	Cherrywood	
604 Honey Maple	608	Brazilian Rosewood	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME			EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company			(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road			INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO
Upper Saddle River, NJ	0745	8	(800) 523-9299

### Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame				Vapor	Pressure
56-60	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its					
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm				2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm				
0-1	64742-52-5	Heavy N	aphth	enic P	etroleu	m O	il		
		ACGIH	TLV	5	mg/m3	as	Mist		
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	as	Mist		
0-1	64742-53-6	Highly	refin	ed Nap	hthenic	Oi	1		
		ACGIH	TLV	5	mg/m3	as	Mist		
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	as	Mist		
3-5	7631-86-9	Amorpho	us Si	lica					
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as	Dust		
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	as	Dust		

### Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL			
101-103 °F PMCC	1.0	6.0			
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION -	- Combustible,	Flash above 9	99 and below	200 °F	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry (	Chemical, Foar	m		
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HA	AZARDS				

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

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# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

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VENTILATION
   Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
   If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
   When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
   Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
EYE PROTECTION
   Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
   Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can
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be harmful or fatal.
```

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.23-7.54 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether Heavier than Air SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.87-0.91 VAPOR DENSITY 300-395 °F MELTING POINT BOILING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 66-67 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.2-4.3 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.2-4.3 lb/gal Emitted VOC

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

```
CAS No. Ingredient Name
```

64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-52-5	Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil				Oil
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-53-6	Highly	refined	Naphthe	nic	Oil
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

\_\_\_\_\_

TOXICOLOGY DATA (continued)

CAS No. Ingredient Name

7631-86-9	Amorph	Amorphous Silica			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

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Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Helmsman/MW

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Document Code: Helmsman/MW Version: 03

Date of Preparation March 11, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Indoor/Outdoor HELMSMAN <sup>®</sup> Spar Urethane	Health 2*
3200 High Gloss	Flammability 2
3205 Satin	Reactivity 0
3210 Semi-Gloss	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	-				Vapor Pressure		
45		Mineral Spirits						
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm		
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm			
0-2	64741-65-7	Mineral	Spir	Spirits (Odorless)				
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	1 mm		
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm			
0.1-0.2	100-41-4	Ethylbe	enzene					
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	7.1 mm		
		ACGIH	TLV	125	ppm STEL			
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm			
		OSHA	PEL	125	ppm STEL			
0-1	1330-20-7	Xylene						
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	5.9 mm		
		ACGIH	TLV	150	ppm STEL			
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm			
		OSHA	PEL	150	ppm STEL			
0-2	1569-01-3	1-Propo	oxy-2-propanol					
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	1.7 mm		
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available			
0-0.2	136-52-7	Cobalt :	2-Eth	ylhexa	noate			
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available			
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available			
0-4	112926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitated Silica						
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust			
		OSHA	PEL	6	mg/m3 as Dust			

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

#### Section 3 – Hazards Identification (continued)

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

#### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINTLELUEL101-106 °F PMCC1.016.9FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °FEXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, FoamUNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.42-7.76 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.89-0.93 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT 281-412 °F MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available 56-57 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 3.6-3.7 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 3.6-3.7 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID None known. INCOMPATIBILITY None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

#### CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 for 3205 and 3210 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 for 3200 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No. Ingredient Name \_\_\_\_\_ 64742-88-7 Mineral Spirits LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT Not Available 64741-65-7 Mineral Spirits (Odorless) LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT Not Available Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT 3500 mg/kg 1330-20-7 Xylene 5000 ppm LC50 RAT 4HR 4300 mg/kg LD50 RAT 1569-01-3 1-Propoxy-2-propanol LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available 2800 mg/kg LD50 RAT 136-52-7 Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT Not Available 112926-00-8 Amorphous Precipitated Silica LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT 4999 mg/kg

#### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

# Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR	372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION			
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	max. 0.2		
1330-20-7 Xylene		max. 1		
	Cobalt Compound	max. 0.2	max. 0.03	
CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65				

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Helmsman-A/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 12, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Indoor/Outdoor HELMSMAN <sup>®</sup> Spar Urethane (Aerosol)	Health	2
33250 Clear Gloss	Flammability	4
33255 Clear Satin	Reactivity	0
33260 Clear Semi-Gloss		
MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGEN	ICY TELEPHONE N	0.
MINWAX Company (216) 5	66-2917	
10 Mountainview Road INFORMA	TION TELEPHONE	NO.
Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 (800) 5	523-9299	

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredie	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressu	re
14	74-98-6	Propane					
		ACGIH	TLV	2500	ppm	ו 760	mm
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm		
13	106-97-8	Butane					
		ACGIH	TLV	800	ppm	ו 760	mm
		OSHA	PEL	800	ppm		
7	64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phati	c Hydro	ocarbon Solvent		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	53 1	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
12	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its			
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 1	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
39	67-64-1	Acetone					
		ACGIH	TLV	500	ppm	180 1	mm
		ACGIH	TLV	750	ppm STEL		
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm		

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and

possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL	
Propellant < 0 °F	1.0	12.8	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry	Chemical,	Foam
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HA	AZARDS		

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - NFPA 30B Level 3 Aerosol PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters -Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120°F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	5.94-5.99 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Faster than Ether		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	0.71-0.72	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air		
BOILING POINT	<0-395 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available		
VOLATILE VOLUME	90-91 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)					
Volatile Weight	47.32-47.60 % Les	s Federally Exempt Sol	lvents		

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name				
74-98-6	Propar	ne			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not Available	

- Continued -

TOXICOLOGY	DATA	(continued)
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CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Name	9		
106-97-8	Butane				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phatic H	Iydrocar	bon	Solvent
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-88-7	Mineral	Spirits	5		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
67-64-1	Acetone	1			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		580	0 mg/kg

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Marker/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 19, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES		
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD FINISH <sup>®</sup> Stain Marker		Health	2
63481 Golden Oak, 210B 63485	Early American, 230	Flammability	2
63482 Provincial, 211 63486	Cherry, 235	Reactivity	0
63483 Red Oak, 215 63487	Dark Walnut, 2716		
63484 Red Mahogany, 225 63488	Pickled Oak, 260		
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERG	ENCY TELEPHONE N	Ο.
MINUAY Company	(216)	566-2017	

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

#### Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name	Vapor Pressure
52-55	64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	2 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
4-5	64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	1 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
6-9	64742-52-5	Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	
		ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m3 as M:	ist
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 as M:	ist
6-9	64742-53-6	Highly refined Naphthenic Oil	
		ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m3 as M:	ist
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 as M:	ist
4	13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide (63488-Pickle	d Oak, 260 only)
		ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Du	ust
		OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Tota	l Dust
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Resp:	irable Fraction

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL			
104-110 °F PMCC	1.0	7.0			
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION -	- Combustible,	Flash above 99	and below	200	۰F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry C	Chemical, Foam			
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HA	AZARDS				

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion: control the accumulation of overspray; soak wiping rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container; air dry filters outside, far from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers; dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and NFPA 33, Chapter 8 (8-9) for the proper procedures.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 6.99-7.27 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY Heavier than Air 0.84-0.87 VAPOR DENSITY 300-412 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 64-66 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.1-4.2 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.1-4.2 lb/gal Emitted VOC

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

# Section 11 – Toxicological Information (continued)

```
TOXICOLOGY DATA
```

CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Name	9		
64742-88-7 Mineral Spirits					
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64741-65-7	Mineral	. Spirits	(Odorl	ess)	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-52-5	Heavy N	Iaphtheni	lc Petro	leum	oil
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-53-6	Highly	refined	Naphthe	nic	oil
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
13463-67-7	Titaniu	m Dioxid	le		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

### Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Pastels/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 12, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES				
MINWAX PASTELS <sup>®</sup> Wood Sta	ain		Health	2*	
800 Winter White	802	Pale Gray	Flammability	2	
801 Summer Straw	803	Slate Blue	Reactivity	0	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME			EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.		
MINWAX Company			(216) 566-2917		
10 Mountainview Road			INFORMATION TELEPHONE	NO.	
Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458			(800) 523-9299		

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame	Vapor Press	ıre
40	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm 2	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
0.1	61789-51-3	Cobalt	Naphtl	henate	e	
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available	
18-19	13463-67-7	Titaniu	m Dio:	xide		
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	10	mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
104 °F PMCC	1.0	12.5
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		

Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT8.72-8.80 lb/galEVAPORATION RATESlower than EtherSPECIFIC GRAVITY1.05-1.06VAPOR DENSITYHeavier than AirBOILING POINT212-395 °FMELTING POINTNot AvailableVOLATILE VOLUME74 %SOLUBILITY IN WATERNot AvailableVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)4.5 lb/galLess Federally Exempt Solvents3.7 lb/galEmitted VOC

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

# Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

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CAS No. Ingredient Name
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64742-88-7Mineral SpiritsLC50RAT4HRNot AvailableLD50RATNot AvailableCobalt NaphthenateLC50RAT4HRNot AvailableLD50RAT4HRNot AvailableLD50RATNot Available

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## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 C	FR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
	Cobalt Compound	0.1	0.03

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Pencil/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 25, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT	NA	ME & NUMB	BERS				HMIS CODES	
MINWAX®	$\mathtt{BL}$	$\texttt{END-FIL}^{\texttt{B}}$	Pencil				Health	0
11001	#1	(Natural	Pine)	11005	#5	(Colonial Maple)	Flammability	0
11002	#2	(Natural	Pine)	11006	#6	(Early American)	Reactivity	0
11003	#3	(Natural	Birch)	11007	#7	(Mahogany)		
11004	#4	(Frosted	Colors)	11008	#8	(Ebony)		

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT. CAS No. Ingredient Name

Vapor Pressure

No ingredients in these products are hazardous as defined by the Department of Labor.

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# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE None known. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE None known. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

# Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Get medical attention.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Get medical attention.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
None	N.A.	N.A.
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Not Applicable		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemica	l, Foam	
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZ	ARDS - Not A	Applicable
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDUR	ES - Not App	plicable

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED No special procedures are required. Sweep dust or flakes and dispose of in regular trash.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - Not Applicable PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Wash hands after using.

These products may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

VENTILATION

No special requirements necessary for typical application.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

None required during use of these products.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES - None normally required. EYE PROTECTION - None required.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.8 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.938 Heavier than Air VAPOR DENSITY Not Available BOILING POINT MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 0 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 0.0 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.0 lb/gal Emitted VOC

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. TOXICOLOGY DATA Not Applicable

### Section 12 – Ecological Information

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ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.
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### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations

regarding pollution.

## Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION
 No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C)
Supplier Notification.
TSCA CERTIFICATION
 All chemicals in these products are listed or are event from listing on

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Polycrylic/MW

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Document Code: Polycrylic/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 14, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES				
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> POLYCRYLIC <sup>®</sup> Protective Finish	Health 2	2			
3333 Satin	Flammability (	)			
4444 Semi-Gloss	Reactivity (	)			
5555 Gloss					
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO				

MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458	(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingred	ient N	ame		Vapor Pressure	
1	34590-94-8	2-Metho	oxymet	hyleth	loxypropanol		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm (skin)	0.4 mm	
		ACGIH	TLV	150	ppm (skin) STEL		
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm (skin)		
		OSHA	PEL	150	ppm (skin) STEL		
2	29911-28-2	1-(2-Bi	ıtoxym	ethyle	thoxy)-propanol		
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	0.06 mm	
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available		
4	5131-66-8	Butoxy	propan	ol			
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	0.6 mm	
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available		
3	107-21-1	Ethyler	ne Gly	col			
		ACGIH	TLV	50	ppm CEILING	0.12 mm	
		OSHA	PEL	50	ppm CEILING		
1	9014-85-1	Decylpo	oly(et	hylene	eoxy)ethanol		
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available		
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available		
2	872-50-4	1-Methy	/1-2-P	yrroli	.done		
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	1 mm	
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available		

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
>200 °F PMCC	N.A.	N.A.
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Not	Applicable	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Diox	ide, Dry Che	mical, Alcohol Foam
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD	S	

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

# Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

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VENTILATION
Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
```

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

# Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	8.51-8.55 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.02-1.03	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT	212-449 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	71 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available
VOLATILE ORGANIC	COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoret	cical)	
2.5 lb/gal	Less Federally Exem	pt Solvents	
1.0-1.1 lb/qal	Emitted VOC		

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Ethylene Glycol is considered an animal teratogen. It has been shown to cause birth defects in rats and mice at high doses when given in drinking water or by gavage. There is no evidence to indicate it causes birth defects in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	ame					
34590-94-8	2-Meth	2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol						
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available				
	LD50	RAT		5135 mg/kg				
29911-28-2	1-(2-1	Butoxyme	thyleth	oxy)-propanol				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available				
	LD50	RAT		Not Available				
5131-66-8	Butoxy	coxypropanol						
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available				
	LD50	RAT		1900 mg/kg				

TOXICOLOGY DATA	(continued	1)			
CAS No.	Ingred:	ient Nam	e		
107-21-1	Ethyle	ne Glyco	1		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Av	vailable
	LD50	RAT		4700	mg/kg
9014-85-1	Decylpo	oly(ethy)	leneoxy)	ethano]	1
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Av	vailable
	LD50	RAT		Not Av	vailable
872-50-4	1-Methy	yl-2-Pyr:	rolidone	9	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Av	vailable
	LD50	RAT		4200	mg/kg

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATIONCAS No.CHEMICAL/COMPOUND% by WT% Element107-21-1Ethylene Glycol3872-50-41-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone2CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 6565

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Polycrylic-A/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 26, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS HMIS CODE							
$ extsf{MINWAX}^{ extsf{@}}$ P $ extsf{CRYLIC}^{ extsf{@}}$ Protective Finish (Aerosol), Clear	Health 2						
33333 Satin	Flammability 4						
34444 Semi-Gloss	Reactivity 0						
35555 Gloss							
MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGI	ENCY TELEPHONE NO.						
MINWAX Company (216)	566-2917						

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
5	67-63-0	2-Propa	nol			
		ACGIH	TLV	400	ppm	33 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	500	ppm STEL	
		OSHA	PEL	400	ppm	
		OSHA	PEL	500	ppm STEL	
6	111-76-2	2-Butox	yethar	nol		
		ACGIH	TLV	20	ppm (skin)	0.88 mm
		OSHA	PEL	20	ppm (skin)	
35	115-10-6	Dimethy	l Ethe	er		
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available	760 mm
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available	
1	112926-00-8	Amorpho	us Pre	ecipita	ated Silica (3	3333 Satin only)
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust	2
		OSHA	PEL	б	mg/m3 as Dust	

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
and quiet.
Nash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
Get medical attention.
Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
Propellant < 0 °F	1.1	27.0
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - NFPA 30B Level 1 Aerosol PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters -Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120°F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	7.0 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Faster than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	0.84-0.85	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT	<0-343 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	86 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available
VOLATILE ORGANIC CO	OMPOUNDS (VOC Theoret	ical)	
Volatile Weight	47.84-47.92 % Les	s Federally Exempt Sol	lvents

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary and blood forming systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

 CAS No.	Ingredient Name							
 67-63-0	2-Propa	nol						
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable			
	LD50	RAT		5045	mg/kg			

- Continued -

CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	me	
111-76-2	2-Butc	xyethan	ol	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		470 mg/kg
115-10-6	Dimeth	nyl Ethe	r	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available
112926-00-8	Amorph	nous Pre	cipitat	ed Silica
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		4500 mg/kg

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CH	FR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
	Glycol Ethers	б	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: PolyForFloors/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 24, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT	NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX®	Super Fast-Drying Polyurethane for Floors	Health	2
13020	Gloss	Flammability	2
13021	Semi-Gloss	Reactivity	0
13022	Satin		
MANUFAC	TURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE N	ο.
MINWAX	Company	(216) 566-2917	

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
48-49	64742-88-7	Mineral ACGIH OSHA	<b>Spir</b> : TLV PEL	100	ppm ppm	2 mm

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

# Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINTLELUEL110-111 °F PMCC1.06.0FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °FEXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, FoamUNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT7.37-7.49 lb/galEVAPORATION RATESlower than EtherSPECIFIC GRAVITY0.89-0.90VAPOR DENSITYHeavier than AirBOILING POINT300-395 °FMELTING POINTNot AvailableVOLATILE VOLUME56 %SOLUBILITY IN WATERNot AvailableVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)3.7 lb/galLess Federally Exempt Solvents3.7 lb/galEmitted VOC

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

```
STABILITY - Stable
CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known.
INCOMPATIBILITY - None known.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur
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#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	me	
64742-88-7	Mineral	. Spiri	ts	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available

	_			
LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
LD50	RAT		Not	Available

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Polyshades/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 14, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT I	NAME & NUMBERS			HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> I	POLYSHADES <sup>®</sup> Interior	Stain & Po	lyurethane Finish	Health	2*
Glo	ss (400 numbers) and	Satin (300	) numbers)	Flammability	2
310/410	Honey Pine	360/460	Tudor	Reactivity	0
320/420	Pecan	370/470	Classic Oak		
330/430	Olde Maple	380/480	Bombay Mahogany		
340/440	Antique White	390/490	Natural Cherry		
350/450	Royal Walnut				
MANUFACT	URER'S NAME		EMERGE	NCY TELEPHONE N	JO .

MANOFACIORER'S NAMEEMERGENCI TELEPHONE NO.MINWAX Company(216) 566-291710 Mountainview RoadINFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name Vapor Pressure
15-22	64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm 2 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm
26-33	64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm 1 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm
0-0.3	136-52-7	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate
		ACGIH TLV Not Available
		OSHA PEL Not Available
0.1	Proprietary	Cobalt Carboxylate (380, Bombay Mahogany only)
		ACGIH TLV Not Available
		OSHA PEL Not Available
5-6	112926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitated Silica (Satin Finishes only)
		ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust
		OSHA PEL 6 mg/m3 as Dust

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

- Continued -

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL				
104 °F PMCC	1.0	7.0				
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION -	- Combustible,	Flash above	99 and	below	200	۰F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry (	Chemical, Foam	m			

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

```
VENTILATION
   Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
   If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
   When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
   Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
EYE PROTECTION
   Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
   Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can
```

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be harmful or fatal.
```

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.46-7.73 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether Heavier than Air SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.90-0.93 VAPOR DENSITY 300-412 °F MELTING POINT BOILING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 56-57 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 3.6-3.7 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 3.6-3.7 lb/gal Emitted VOC

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Name	9			
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits					
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available	
64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)					
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available	

CAS No.	Ingredient Name
136-52-7	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available
	LD50 RAT Not Available
Proprietary	Cobalt Carboxylate
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available
	LD50 RAT Not Available
112926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitated Silica
	LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available
	LD50 RAT 4999 mg/kg

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

TOXICOLOGY DATA (continued)

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
Cobalt Compound	max. 0.4	max. 0.03
CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65		

WARNING: 470 contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450 and 460 contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. 370, 380, 390, 480 and 490 contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.



Document Code: Putty/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 21, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS			HMIS CODES
MINWAX WOOD PUTTY®			Health 1
3610 Natural Pine	3615	Cherry	Flammability 0
3611 Golden Oak	3616	White	Reactivity 0
3612 Colonial Maple	3617	Walnut	
3613 Red Mahogany	3618	Ebony	
3614 Early American	3619	Pickled Oak	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME			EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company			(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road			INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
Upper Saddle River, NJ 07	458		(800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredie	ent Na	me		Vapor Pressure
5	14807-96-6	Talc				
		ACGIH	TLV	2	mg/m3	as Resp. Dust
		OSHA	PEL	2	mg/m3	as Resp. Dust
80	471-34-1	Calcium	Carbo	nate		
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	15	mg/m3	Total Dust
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	Respirable Fraction

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
Not Applicable	N.A.	N.A.
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Not Applicable		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical,	Foam	
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZAR	DS	

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

#### SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - Not Applicable

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

```
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
```

Required for long or repeated contact.

```
EYE PROTECTION
```

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

# Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No. Ingredient Name

\_\_\_\_\_

14807-96-6	Talc				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50	RAT		Not Available	
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available	

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

#### CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: StainFiller/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 25, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT	NAME & NUMBERS	5	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX®	Stainable Wood	Filler	Health	1
42851	42852	42853	Flammability	0
			Reactivity	0

MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredie	ent Na	me		Vapor Pressure
30-40	7631-86-9	Amorphou	us Sil	ica.		
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	6	mg/m3	as Dust
5-10	471-34-1	Calcium	Carbo	onate		
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	15	mg/m3	Total Dust
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	Respirable Fraction

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

#### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm						
	and quiet.						
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove						
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.						
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.						
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.						

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT LEL								
None N.A.								
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION								
Not Applicable								
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA								
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical,	Alcohol	Foam						

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - Not Applicable

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

Required for long or repeated contact.

EYE PROTECTION

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

6-7 lb/gal PRODUCT WEIGHT EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.7-0.8 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air 212 °F MELTING POINT Not Available BOILING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 26 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available 9.5 рΗ VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 0.0 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.0 lb/gal Emitted VOC

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. TOXICOLOGY DATA

```
CAS No. Ingredient Name
```

7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica.							
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available				
	LD50	RAT		Not Available				
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate							
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available				
	LD50	RAT		Not Available				

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in this product are listed or are exempt from listing on

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: Wax/MW Version: 03

Date of Preparation March 12, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Paste Finishing Wax	Health 2
8500 Natural	Flammability 2
8600 Special Dark	Reactivity 0
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
69-70	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	
1	Proprietary	C.I. So	lvent	Red 7		
		ACGIH	TLV	0.5	mg/m3	
		OSHA	PEL	0.5	mg/m3	
0.10		Chromiu	m III	(as C	!r)	

#### Section 3 – Hazards Identification

```
ROUTES OF EXPOSURE
```

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

#### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
100 °F PMCC	1.0	6.0
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION		
Combustible, Flash above S	99 and below 200	°F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding, wirebrushing, abrading, burning or welding the dried film, wear a particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against non-volatile materials in Section 2.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT Slower than Ether 6.71 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.81 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT 300-395 °F MELTING POINT Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 73 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.7 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.7 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section 2 HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name	•		
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	3		
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		Not Available	
Proprietary	C.I. Solvent Re	ad 7		
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		Not Available	

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability and extractability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by WT % Element Chromium Compound 1 0.1 TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: WBPolyforFloors/MW Version: 03

Date of Preparation March 26, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT	NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX®	Water-Based Polyurethane for Floors	Health	3
16666	Satin	Flammability	0
17777	Semi-Gloss	Reactivity	0
18888	Gloss		
MANUFAC	TURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE N	0.
MINWAX	Company	(216) 566-2917	
10 Moun	tainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE	NO.

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingred	ient Na	me			Vapor Pressure
3	34590-94-8	2-Metho	oxymeth				
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm (skin	)	0.4 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	150	ppm (skin	) STEL	
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm (skin	)	
		OSHA	PEL	150	ppm (skin	) STEL	
1	121-44-8	Triethy	lamine	2			
		ACGIH	TLV	1	ppm (skin	)	54 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	3	ppm (skin	) STEL	
		OSHA	PEL	25	ppm (skin	)	
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm (skin	) STEL	
5	872-50-4	1-Methy	/1-2-Py	rroli	done		
		ACGIH	TLV	Not	Available		1 mm
		OSHA	PEL	Not	Available		

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

#### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL		
>200 °F PMCC	N.A.	N.A.		
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - No	t Applical	ble		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dic	xide, Dry	Chemical,	Alcohol	Foam
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZAR	DS			

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

```
VENTILATION
Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
```

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

```
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
```

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 8.54-8.58 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.03 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air 185-396 °F MELTING POINT Not Available BOILING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 71 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available 8.3 рΗ VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 2.0 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 0.8 lb/gal Emitted VOC

# Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

```
TOXICOLOGY DATA
```

CAS No.	Ingredient Na	me		
34590-94-8	2-Methoxymeth	ylethoxy	ypropanol	
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		5135 mg/kg	
121-44-8	Triethylamine			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		460 mg/kg	
872-50-4	1-Methyl-2-Py	rrolidor	ne	
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
	LD50 RAT		4200 mg/kg	

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

```
ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.
```

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR	372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
121-44-8	Triethylamine	1	
872-50-4	1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	5	
CALIFORNIA PROPOS	ITION 65		

WARNING: These products contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: WBWoodStain/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation April 2, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES			
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> Water-Based Wood S	Stain		Health	1*
1801 Vermont Maple	1805	Colonial Pine	Flammability	0
1802 English Oak	1806	White Oak	Reactivity	0
1803 American Walnut	1807	Clear Tint Base		
1804 Rosewood				
MANUFACTURER'S NAME		EMERGE	NCY TELEPHONE N	ю.
MINWAX Company		(216)	566-2917	

MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name	Vapor Pressure

No ingredients in these products are hazardous as defined by the Department of Labor except for:

6	13463-67-7	Titaniu	m Dioz	cide (	1806, White Oak only)
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3 as Dust
		OSHA	PEL	10	mg/m3 Total Dust
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 Respirable Fraction
0-1	1333-86-4	Carbon	Black		
		ACGIH	TLV	3.5	mg/m3
		OSHA	PEL	3.5	mg/m3

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

#### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL	
>200 °F PMCC	N.A.	N.A.	
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - No	t Applicab	le	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dio	xide, Dry (	Chemical,	Alcohol Foam
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZAR	DS		

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IIIB PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

```
VENTILATION
Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
```

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	8.55-8.92 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than Ether	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.03-1.07	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air	
BOILING POINT	212-369 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available	
VOLATILE VOLUME	84-86 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available	
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)				
2.8-3.5 lb/gal	Less Federally Exemp	pt Solvents		
0.6-0.8 lb/gal	Emitted VOC			

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans(group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name				
13463-67-7	13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
1333-86-4	Carbon Black				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: WipeOnPoly/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 18, 2003

## Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WIPE-ON POLY Oil-Based Polyurethane Finish	Health 2
0900 Clear Gloss	Flammability 2
0910 Clear Satin	Reactivity 0
MANUFACTURER'S NAME	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
MINWAX Company	(216) 566-2917
10 Mountainview Road	INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458	(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Na	ame		Vapor Pressure
70	64742-88-7	<b>Mineral</b> ACGIH OSHA	<b>Spir</b> : TLV PEL	100	 ppm ppm	2 mm

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

#### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of ever skin and uppe

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

## Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINTLELUEL104-106 °F PMCC1.06.0FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °FEXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, FoamUNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

#### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT6.92-6.97 lb/galEVAPORATION RATESlower than EtherSPECIFIC GRAVITY0.83-0.84VAPOR DENSITYHeavier than AirBOILING POINT300-395 °FMELTING POINTNot AvailableVOLATILE VOLUME75-76 %SOLUBILITY IN WATERNot AvailableVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)4.8-4.9 lb/galLess Federally Exempt Solvents4.8-4.9 lb/gal

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

Ingred	Ingredient Name							
Minera	al Spiri	.ts						
LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available					
LD50	RAT		Not Available					
	Minera LC50	Mineral Spiri LC50 RAT	Mineral Spirits LC50 RAT 4HR					

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: 0900 contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. 0910 contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: Wood/MW Version: 03a Date of Preparation March 19, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS			HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD FINISH <sup>®</sup>			Health	2*
209 Natural	230	Early American	Flammability	2
210B Golden Oak	233	English Chestnut	Reactivity	0
211 Provincial	235	Cherry		
215 Red Oak	241	Fruitwood		
218 Puritan Pine	245	Golden Pecan		
221 Ipswich Pine	260	Pickled Oak		
222 Sedona Red	2126	Driftwood		
223 Colonial Maple	2716	Dark Walnut		
224 Special Walnut	2718	Ebony		
225 Red Mahogany	2750	Jacobean		
MANUFACTURER'S NAME			EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO	).
MINWAX Company			(216) 566-2917	110
10 Mountainview Road	00450		INFORMATION TELEPHONE	NO.
Upper Saddle River, NJ	07458		(800) 523-9299	

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name	apor Pressure
51-55	64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	2 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
4-5	64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	1 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
6-9	64742-52-5	Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	
		ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m3 as Mist	
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 as Mist	
6-9	64742-53-6	Highly refined Naphthenic Oil	
		ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m3 as Mist	
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 as Mist	
2	14807-96-6	Talc (2718 Ebony only)	
		ACGIH TLV 2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dus	st
		OSHA PEL 2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dus	st
4	13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide (260 Pickled Oak onl	у)
		ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable 1	Fraction
0.8	1333-86-4	Carbon Black (2718 Ebony only)	
		ACGIH TLV 3.5 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL 3.5 mg/m3	

### Section 3 – Hazards Identification

#### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

#### SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

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CANCER INFORMATION
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For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

## Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT LEL UEL 104-110 °F PMCC 1.0 7.0 FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °F EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage (continued)

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion: control the accumulation of overspray; soak wiping rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container; air dry filters outside, far from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers; dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and NFPA 33, Chapter 8 (8-9) for the proper procedures.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

```
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE
```

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 6.96-7.27 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.84-0.87 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air MELTING POINT BOILING POINT 300-412 °F Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 64-66 % VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.1-4.2 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.1-4.2 lb/gal Emitted VOC

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

```
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans(group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.

Ingredient Name

64742-88-7	Mineral	Spirits	 8		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64741-65-7	Mineral	Spirits	(Odorl	ess)	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-52-5	Heavy N	aphtheni	.c Petro	leum	n Oil
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64742-53-6	Highly	refined	Naphthe	nic	Oil
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
14807-96-6	Talc				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
13463-67-7	Titaniu	m Dioxid	le		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
1333-86-4	Carbon	Black			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: WoodFinish-A/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 20, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS HMIS CODES						
MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOOD FINISH <sup>®</sup> (Ae	erosol)		Health 2			
32102 Golden Oak	32300	Early American	Flammability 4			
32110 Provincial	32350	Cherry	Reactivity 0			
32150 Red Oak	32450	Golden Pecan				
32240 Special Walnut	32716	Dark Walnut				
32250 Red Mahogany						
MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.						
MINWAX Company			(216) 566-2917			
10 Mountainview Road			INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.			
Upper Saddle River, NJ	07458		(800) 523-9299			

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredio	ent Na	ame		Vapor Press	ure
14	74-98-6	Propane					
		ACGIH	TLV	2500	ppm	760	mm
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm		
13	106-97-8	Butane					
		ACGIH	TLV	800	ppm	760	mm
		OSHA	PEL	800	ppm		
14-15	64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phatio	: Hydro	ocarbon Solvent		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	53	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
29-31	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spir	its			
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	2	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
2-3	64741-65-7	Mineral	Spir	its (Od	dorless)		
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm	1	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
4-5	64742-52-5	Heavy Na	aphthe	enic Po	etroleum Oil		
		ACGIH	TLV	5	mg/m3 as Mist		
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 as Mist		
4-5	64742-53-6	Highly :	refine	ed Napl	hthenic Oil		
		ACGIH	TLV	5	mg/m3 as Mist		
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3 as Mist		
1	108-88-3	Toluene					
		ACGIH	TLV	50	ppm (skin)	22	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm (skin)		
		OSHA	PEL	150	ppm (skin) STEL		

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### Section 3 – Hazards Identification (continued)

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
Propellant < 0 °F	1.0	9.5
EVETNOUT OUTNO MEDIA		

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - NFPA 30B Level 3 Aerosol PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters -Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120°F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage (continued)

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion: control the accumulation of overspray; soak wiping rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container; air dry filters outside, far from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers; dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and NFPA 33, Chapter 8 (8-9) for the proper procedures.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

#### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

#### OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT5.93-5.98 lb/galEVAPORATION RATEFaster than EtherSPECIFIC GRAVITY0.71-0.72VAPOR DENSITYHeavier than AirBOILING POINT<0-412 °F</td>MELTING POINTNot AvailableVOLATILE VOLUME82-83 %SOLUBILITY IN WATERNot AvailableVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)Volatile Weight 75.17-77.21 %Less Federally Exempt Solvents

## Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

#### CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredi	ent Name	9			
74-98-6	Propane	9				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
106-97-8	Butane					
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
64742-89-8	Lt. Ali	phatic 1	Hydrocar	bon	Solv	vent
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
64742-88-7	Mineral	Spirit	5			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
64741-65-7	Mineral	Spirit	s (Odorl	ess)		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
64742-52-5	Heavy N	Maphthen:	ic Petro	leum	0i	1
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
64742-53-6	Highly	refined	Naphthe	nic	Oil	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Ava	ilable
	LD50	RAT		Not	Ava	ilable
108-88-3	Toluene	9				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	4000	)	ppm
	LD50	RAT		5000	)	mg/kg

### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

## Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

### Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by WT % Element 108-88-3 Toluene 1 CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to

cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: Woodsheen/MW Version: 03 Date of Preparation March 24, 2003

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS MINWAX <sup>®</sup> WOODSHEEN <sup>®</sup> Rubb	ing Oil Stain and Finish	HMIS CODES Health 2*
705 Natural	743 Colonial Walnut	Flammability 2
714 Manor Oak	751 Rosewood	Reactivity 0
719 Windsor Oak	752 Dove White	
738 Plantation Walnut		
MANUFACTURER'S NAME MINWAX Company 10 Mountainview Road		EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2917 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
Upper Saddle River, NJ	07458	(800) 523-9299

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredie	nt Na	ame		Vapor Pre	ssure
60-72	64742-88-7	Mineral	Spiri	ts			
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm		2 mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm		
1	1332-58-7	Kaolin (	752,	Dove	White o	nly)	
		ACGIH	TLV	2	mg/m3	as Resp. Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	10	mg/m3	Total Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	Respirable Fraction	
9	13463-67-7	Titanium	Dioz	ide (	(752, Do	ve White only)	
		ACGIH	TLV	10	mg/m3	as Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	10	mg/m3	Total Dust	
		OSHA	PEL	5	mg/m3	Respirable Fraction	
0-0.4	1333-86-4	Carbon B	lack				
		ACGIH	TLV	3.5	mg/m3		
		OSHA	PEL	3.5	mg/m3		

## Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

#### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm
	and quiet.
If on SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove
	contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
If in EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
If SWALLOWED:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL			
101-104 °F PMCC	1.0	6.0			
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION -	· Combustible,	Flash above 9	9 and below	200	۰F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon	Dioxide, Dry C	Chemical, Foam	1		
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HA	ZARDS				

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

## Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

```
VENTILATION
   Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to
materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to
OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
   If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by
ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
   When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved
by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint,
or the abrasive.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES
   Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against
materials in Section 2.
EYE PROTECTION
   Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
   Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can
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be harmful or fatal.
```

#### Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 6.82-7.51 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether Heavier than Air SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.82-0.90 VAPOR DENSITY 300-395 °F MELTING POINT BOILING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 70-76 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.5-4.9 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents 4.5-4.9 lb/gal Emitted VOC

#### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

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CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
```

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans(group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

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TOXICOLOGY DATA
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CAS No.	Ingred	lient Na	ame	
64742-88-7	Minera	al Spiri	lts	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available

TOXICOLOGY	DATA	(continued)
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CAS No	<b>.</b>	Ingredient	: Name
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1332-58-7	Kaolir	ı		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available
13463-67-7	Titani	um Dio	xide	
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available
1333-86-4	Carbor	n Black		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
	LD50	RAT		Not Available

## Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

#### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

#### Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

#### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

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SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION
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No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.
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CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

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WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
TSCA CERTIFICATION
```

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



Document Code: Lacquer/MW Version: 04 Date of Preparation January 30, 2004

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME &	NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>°</sup> Clear	Brushing Lacquer	Health	2*
15000/15500	Clear Gloss	Flammability	3
15005/15505	Clear Semi-Gloss	Reactivity	0
15010/15510	Clear Satin		
MINWAX <sup>°</sup> Clear	Lacquer Sanding Sealer		
15300/15400			

MANUFACTURER'S NAMEEMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.MINWAX Company(216) 566-291710 Mountainview RoadINFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458(800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name	Vapor Pressure				
1	100-41-4						
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	7.1 mm				
		ACGIH TLV 125 ppm STEL					
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm					
		OSHA PEL 125 ppm STEL					
6 - 8	1330-20-7	Xylene					
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm	5.9 mm				
		ACGIH TLV 150 ppm STEL					
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm					
		OSHA PEL 150 ppm STEL					
4 - 5	67-63-0	2-Propanol					
		ACGIH TLV 400 ppm	33 mm				
		ACGIH TLV 500 ppm STEL					
		OSHA PEL 400 ppm					
		OSHA PEL 500 ppm STEL					
6-21	71-36-3	1-Butanol					
		ACGIH TLV 20 ppm (skin)					
		OSHA PEL 50 ppm (skin) (	CEILING				
6-33	67-64-1	Acetone					
		ACGIH TLV 500 ppm	180 mm				
		ACGIH TLV 750 ppm STEL					
		OSHA PEL 1000 ppm					
10	110-43-0	Methyl n-Amyl Ketone					
		ACGIH TLV 50 ppm	2.14 mm				
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm					
10	108-83-8	Diisobutyl Ketone					
		ACGIH TLV 25 ppm	1.7 mm				
		OSHA PEL 25 ppm					
15	123-86-4		_				
		ACGIH TLV 150 ppm	10 mm				
		ACGIH TLV 200 ppm STEL					
		OSHA PEL 150 ppm					
		OSHA PEL 200 ppm STEL					
	- Continued -						

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

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ROUTES OF EXPOSURE
```

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

# Section 4 – First Aid Measures

EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.
	Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
INHALATION:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.
	Keep warm and quiet.
INGESTION:	Do not induce vomiting.
	Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINTLELUEL12-49 °F PMCC0.812.8FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - RED LABEL -- Flammable, Flash below 100 °FEXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, FoamUNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class IB PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters -

Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES - Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2. EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.58–7.64 lb/gal EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.91-0.92 VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than Air BOILING POINT 132-342 °F MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 78-82 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER Not Available VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical) 4.5 - 5.6 lb/gal Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents 2.8 - 5.2 lb/gal Emitted VOC

# Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Nitrogen, possibility of Hydrogen Cyanide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

# Section 11 – Toxicological Information

### CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans(2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 for Brushing Lacquers may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming and reproductive systems. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 for Sanding Sealer may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

CAS No.	Ingred	ient Nam	e		
100-41-4		enzene			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ailable
	LD50	RAT		3500	mg/kg
1330-20-7	Xylene				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	5000	mdd
	LD50	RAT		4300	mg/kg
67-63-0	2-Propa	anol			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ailable
	LD50	RAT		5045	mg/kg
71-36-3	1-Butar	nol			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	8000	ppm
	LD50	RAT		790	mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetone	e			
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ailable
	LD50	RAT		5800	mg/kg
110-43-0	Methyl	n-Amyl	Ketone		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ailable
	LD50	RAT		1670	mg/kg
108-83-8	Diisobu	ityl Ket	one		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ailable
	LD50	RAT		5750	mg/kg
123-86-4	n-Buty]	L Acetat	е		
	LC50	RAT	4HR	2000	ppm
	LD50	RAT		13100	mg/kg

# TOXICOLOGY DATA

# Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

### Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (	40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1	
1330-20-7	Xylene	max. 8	
71-36-3	1-Butanol	max. 21	
	Zinc Compound (Sanding Sealer only)	3	0.4
	DDODOGIETON CE		

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# Section 16 – Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



# **Material Safety Data Sheets**

Document Code: Lacquer-A/MW Version: 04 Date of Preparation February 2, 2004

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT	NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES	
MINWAX <sup>®</sup>	Clear Aerosol Lacquer	Health	2*
15200	Clear Gloss	Flammability	4
15205	Clear Semi-Gloss	Reactivity	0
15210	Clear Satin		
MINWAX®	Clear Lacquer Sanding Sealer (Aerosol)		
15215			

MANUFACTURER'S NAMEEMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.MINWAX Company(216) 566-291710 Mountainview RoadINFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458(800) 523-9299

# Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.		Ingredient Name		Pressure
15-17	74-98-6			
		ACGIH TLV 2500 ppm		760 mm
		OSHA PEL 1000 ppm		
2	64742-89-8	-		
		ACGIH TLV 300 ppm		12 mm
		OSHA PEL 300 ppm		
		OSHA PEL 400 ppm STEL		
24	108-88-3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		ACGIH TLV 50 ppm (skin)		22 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm (skin)		
0.0	100 41 4	OSHA PEL 150 ppm (skin) STEL		
0.6	100-41-4		3 oniy)	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm		7.1 mm
		ACGIH TLV 125 ppm STEL OSHA PEL 100 ppm		
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm OSHA PEL 125 ppm STEL		
3	1330-20-7		)	
5	1550 20 /	ACGIH TLV 100 ppm		5.9 mm
		ACGIH TLV 150 ppm STEL		5.5
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm		
		OSHA PEL 150 ppm STEL		
2-3	67-63-0	2-Propanol		
		ACGIH TLV 400 ppm		33 mm
		ACGIH TLV 500 ppm STEL		
		OSHA PEL 400 ppm		
		OSHA PEL 500 ppm STEL		
21-34	67-64-1	Acetone		
		ACGIH TLV 500 ppm		180 mm
		ACGIH TLV 750 ppm STEL		
		OSHA PEL 1000 ppm		

16-23	78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)
		ACGIH TLV 200 ppm 70 mm
		ACGIH TLV 300 ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL 200 ppm
		OSHA PEL 300 ppm STEL
4	108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)
		ACGIH TLV 50 ppm 16 mm
		ACGIH TLV 75 ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL 50 ppm
		OSHA PEL 75 ppm STEL
5 - 9	108-21-4	Isopropyl Acetate
		ACGIH TLV 250 ppm 47.5 mm
		ACGIH TLV 310 ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL 250 ppm
		OSHA PEL 310 ppm STEL
1-4	763-69-9	Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate
		ACGIH TLV Not Available 1.11 mm
		OSHA PEL Not Available
5	123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)
		ACGIH TLV 150 ppm 10 mm
		ACGIH TLV 200 ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL 150 ppm
		OSHA PEL 200 ppm STEL
5	628-63-7	Amyl Acetate (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm 4 mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm

# Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

# Section 4 – First Aid Measures

EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
	Get medical attention.
SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.
	Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
INHALATION:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.
	Keep warm and quiet.
INGESTION:	Do not induce vomiting.
	Get medical attention immediately.

# Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
Propellant < 0 °F	0.9	12.8
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

## Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES - None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	6.43-6.49 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Faster than Ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	0.77-0.78	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air
BOILING POINT	< 0-342 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	92-95 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available
VOLATILE ORGANIC C	COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoret	cical)	
Volatile Weight	58 41 - 66 84 % Tres	ss Water and Federally	Exempt Solvents

Volatile Weight 58.41 66.84 % Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

# Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

# Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans(2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other solvents.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 for Clear Aerosol Lacquers may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming and reproductive systems. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 for Sanding Sealer may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Na	ame		
74-98-6	Propane			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable
	LD50 RAT		Not Av	ailable
64742-89-8	V. M. & P. Na	aphtha		
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable
	LD50 RAT		Not Av	ailable
108-88-3	Toluene			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	4000	ppm
	LD50 RAT		5000	mg/kg
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable
	LD50 RAT		3500	mg/kg
1330-20-7	Xylene			
	LC50 RAT	4HR	5000	ppm
	LD50 RAT		4300	mg/kg
67-63-0	2-Propanol			
	LC50 RAT	4HR		ailable
	LD50 RAT		5045	mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetone			
	LC50 RAT	4HR		ailable
70 02 2	LD50 RAT	<b>W</b>	5800	mg/kg
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl		NT 7	
	LC50 RAT	4HR		ailable
108-10-1	LD50 RAT Methyl Isobut	] Votor	2740	mg/kg
108-10-1	LC50 RAT	4HR		ailable
	LC50 RAT LD50 RAT	41K	2080	mg/kg
108-21-4	Isopropyl Ace	+++0	2000	
100-21-4	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable
	LD50 RAT	41110	3000	mg/kg
763-69-9	Ethyl 3-Etho	voropion		
	LC50 RAT	4HR		ailable
	LD50 RAT	11110	5000	mg/kg
123-86-4	n-Butyl Aceta	ate		
	LC50 RAT	4HR	2000	ppm
	LD50 RAT		13100	mg/kg
628-63-7	Amyl Acetate			2. 2
	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Av	ailable
	LD50 RAT		6500	mg/kg

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

# Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers. Waste from products containing Methyl Ethyl Ketone may also require extractability testing.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

# Section 14 – Transport Information

No data available.

# Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40	CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION		
CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
108-88-3	Toluene (Sanding Sealer only)	24	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)	0.6	
1330-20-7	Xylene (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)	3	
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (Clear Aerosol Lacquers only)	max 23	
108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (Clear Aerosol Lacquers on)	y) 4	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

# How To Read Our Material Safety Data Sheet



# Material Safety Data Sheet

**Material Safety Data Sheet** (MSDS) is a document that contains information and instructions on the chemical and physical characteristics of a substance, its hazards and risks, the safe handling requirements and actions to be taken in the event of fire, spill, overexposure, etc.

Document Code: Paint Version: 02 Date of Preparation January 9, 2002

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS	HMIS CODES
Interior/Exterior Paint	Health 3*
White 12345	Flammability 2
Black (12345)	Reactivity 0
<b>PRODUCT NAME &amp; NUMBER</b> (Product numbers in parentheses	s indicate discontinued products).

**HMIS CODES** The Hazardous Material Identification System and National Fire Protection Association ratings provide quick and rough estimates of a product's health, flammability, and reactivity hazards. The ratings range from '0' to '4'. A rating of '0' indicates a minimal hazard; a '4' indicates a severe hazard. An asterisk following the health rating indicates the presence of a chronic health hazard. The PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) code associated with HMIS ratings is not given because the PPE code depends upon the actual conditions of use, which are unknown to the manufacturer.

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

## Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name				Vapor P	essure	
0.1	100-41-4	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene						
		ACGIH	TLV	100	ppm			7.1 mm
		ACGIH	TLV	125	ppm	STEL		
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm			
		OSHA	PEL	125	ppm	STEL		
1	1333-86-4	Carbon Black.						
		ACGIH	TLV	3.5	mg/m3			
		OSHA	PEL	3.5	mg/m	3		
2 WT is	ndiastos the persent	by woight	of a	listod	ingro	diant in th	o product at	timo of

**<u>% WT.</u>** indicates the percent by weight of a listed ingredient in the product at time of printing.

**<u>CAS No.</u>** The Chemical Abstracts Service-assigned number which uniquely identifies a chemical. It can be used as a tool to further research a chemical's properties or hazards.

**Vapor Pressure** The pressure exerted by the saturated vapor above any liquid. Expressed in millimeters of mercury at 68 °F. May be used to estimate air concentration at a given temperature.

**<u>TLV</u>** (Threshold Limit Value) is the airborne concentration of the substance, which represent conditions under which it is believed nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effect. TLV's are limits recommended by the ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists). Unless otherwise designated the TLV represents a 40 hour time-weighted average.

**PEL** (Permissible Exposure Limit) represents the airborne concentration that has been established by OSHA (the Occupational Safety & Health Administration) as the enforceable exposure limit. Unless otherwise specified, the PEL represents an eight hour average exposure limit.

**STEL** (Short-Term Exposure Limit) refers to the airborne concentration to which employees can be exposed for up to 15 minutes without suffering ill effects.

**<u>CEILING</u>** limit is an airborne concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the work day.

**ppm** parts of a substance per million parts of air. It is a measure of concentration by volume in air.

mg/m3 The weight in milligrams of a substance per cubic meter of air.

A **<u>Skin</u>** notation indicates that a potentially significant contribution to the overall exposure may occur by skin absorption.

### Section 3 – Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE CANCER INFORMATION

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED If on SKIN If in EYES If SWALLOWED

### Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
104 °F PMCC	1.0	7.0

**FLASH POINT** means the minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off vapor in sufficient concentration to ignite. Two test methods are normally used per 1910.106(a)(14); 49 CFR 173.115(d).

- 1. TCC Tagliabue Closed Tester (see American National Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Tag Closed Tester, Zll.24 1971 (ASTM D 56-77)-for liquids with a viscosity of less than 45 Saybolt Universal Seconds (SUS) at 100°F(37.8°C), that do not contain suspended solids and do not have tendency to form a surface film under test.
- 2. PMCC Pensky-Martens Closed Tester (see American National standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Tester, Z11.7-1974 (ASTM D 93-79))-for liquids with a viscosity equal to or greater than 45 SUS at 100°F(37.8°C), or that contain suspended solids, or that have tendency to form a surface film under test.

**LEL** (Lower Explosive Limit) refers to the lowest concentration of gas or vapor (% by volume in air) which will burn or explode if an ignition source is present.

**<u>UEL</u>** (Upper Explosive Limit) refers to the highest concentration of gas or vapor (% by volume in air) which will burn or explode if an ignition source is present.

### FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °F

**Flammable liquid** By OSHA DOL's definition, a Flammable liquid has a flash point below 100°F(37.8°C) per 1910.106(a)(19); CFR 173.115(a). Be aware that the Flammable liquid definition for transportation regulations may differ from this definition.

<u>Combustible liquid</u> means a liquid having a flash point at or above  $100^{\circ}F(37.8^{\circ}C)$  but below  $200^{\circ}F(93.3^{\circ}C)$ , except that this term does not include any liquid mixture that has one or more components with flash point above  $200^{\circ}F(93.3^{\circ}C)$  which make up 99% or more of the total volume of the mixture. (For test method, see definition of "Flash Point".) 1910.106(a)(18); 49 CFR 173.115(b).

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

### Section 7 – Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE VENTILATION RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROTECTIVE GLOVES EYE PROTECTION OTHER PRECAUTIONS

# Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.0 lb./gal. EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.84 Heavier than Air VAPOR DENSITY 300-412 °F BOILING POINT MELTING POINT N.A. VOLATILE VOLUME 70 % SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A. VOC 4.5 lbs./gal. (less exempt solvents) VAPOR DENSITY refers to the relative density or weight of a vapor or gas (with no air present) compared with an equal volume of air at ambient temperature.

**<u>VOC</u>** Theoretical Volatile Organic Compounds content (less exempt solvents unless otherwise indicated).

### Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY CONDITIONS TO AVOID INCOMPATIBILITY HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS <u>CHRONIC</u> means a long time period of action in weeks, months, or years.

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. **IARC** is the International Agency for Research on Cancer.

**NTP** is the National Toxicology Program.

**OSHA** is the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

TOXICOLOGY DATA							
CAS No.	Ingredient Name						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene						
100-41-4	-						
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Established			
	LD50	RAT		3500 mg/kg			
1333-86-4	Carbon	Black					
	LC50	RAT		Not Established			
	LD50	RAT		>15400			

**LC50** (Lethal Concentration Fifty) a concentration of a material in air, exposure to which is expected to cause the death of 50% of an experimental animal population. A four hour exposure is commonly used.

**LD50** (Lethal Dose Fifty) a dose of a material that is expected to cause the death of 50% of an experimental animal population. It is typically based upon an oral dose of the material.

### Section 12 – Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

# Section 14 – Transport Information

### Section 15 – Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65** is a California regulation requiring disclosure of possible carcinogen, birth defects and other reproductive hazards in products available in California.

**TSCA CERTIFICATION** indicates whether chemicals in this product are listed on the U.S. EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory List.

### Section 16 – Other Information

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.